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DORSEY & WHITNEY, LLP			NGUYEN, PHUOC H	
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT 370 SEVENTEENTH STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 4700			2143	
DENVER, CO 80202-5647			DATE MAILED: 10/23/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Cumment	10/615,219	KLUG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Phuoc H. Nguyen	2143				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of the state of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	the mailing date of this communication.  D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on July 2	27, 2006.					
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3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-25 and 28-40 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25,and 28-40</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	y-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
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Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
2) M Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SR/08)	5) Notice of Informal P	atent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date D5 (24/06, 62/27/06, 06	>   ひ					

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

This office action is in response to the applicants Amendment filed on July 27, 2006. Applicant have been amended claims 1, 2, 8, 9, 21, 23, cancelled claims 26-27, and added claims 30-39. Claims 1-25 and 28-39 are presented for further consideration and examination.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 9, and 21 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-25, 28-30, 35, and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Servan-Schreiber et al. (Hereafter, Servan-Schreiber) U.S. Patent 6,892,354 in view of Makar et al. (Hereafter, Makar) U.S. Patent 6,708,203.

Re claim 1, Servan-Schreiber discloses a system for providing node targeted content in an addressable network (Abstract), comprising: an access request receipt module (Abstract); a module configured to provide information in response to the access request, and a module configured to present at least one message (e.g. advertisement(s)) displayed prior to completing display of the information (col. 1 lines 50-67; and col. 2 lines 60-65); however, Servan-Schreiber

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fails to teach a message selection module providing at lease one message choice option and a user profile containing user demographic information, wherein the user demographic information includes an e-mail address associated with the user.

Makar teaches a message selection module providing at lease one message choice option; and a user profile containing user demographic information, wherein the user demographic information includes an e-mail address associated with the user (Figure 25; col. 5 lines 22-43; and col. 14 last paragraph through col. 15 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph; and col. 15 last paragraph).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Makar's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method to provide a message selection module providing at lease one message choice option and a user profile containing user demographic information, wherein the user demographic information includes an e-mail address associated with the user in order to provide the user with information and allow user to interact with the provided information during the wait time period (e.g. col. 6 lines 32-51)

3. Re claims 2 and 23, Servan-Schreiber further discloses a module configured to provide information in response to the access request, and a module configured to present at least one message; however, Servan-Schreiber fails to teach a base message set from which the at least one message is chosen, wherein the choice of the message is additionally based on the user information.

Makar teaches a base message set from which the at least one message is chosen, wherein the choice of the message is additionally based on the user information (Figure 25; col. 5 lines 22-43; and col. 14 last paragraph through col. 15 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph; and col. 15 last paragraph).

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It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Makar's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method to provide a base message set from which the at least one message is chosen, wherein the choice of the message is additionally based on the user information (e.g. col. 6 lines 32-51).

Re claim 3, Servan-Schreiber further discloses a first transmission module operative to transmit the information, and a second transmission module operative to transmit the at least one message (col. 2 lines 60-65).

Re claim 4, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the second transmission module is further operative to transmit at least one message chosen from the base message set after receipt of the access request and prior to the transmission module transmitting the information (col. 3 last paragraph).

Re claim 5, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the second transmission module transmits the at least one message during transmission of the information by the first transmission module (col. 3 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph).

Re claim 6, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the first and second transmission modules are the same (col. 3 last paragraph).

Re claim 7, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the message is an advertisement (col. 1 lines 58-63).

Re claim 8, Servan-Schreiber further discloses a module configured to provide information in response to the access request, and a module configured to present at least one message; however, Servan-Schreiber fails to the user demographic information is specified by a user, the access request receipt module is located at a first site of the addressable network, the

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user profile is stored in a database configured for use in registering the user with one or more third party web sites; and the database is located at a second site of the addressable network.

Makar teaches the user demographic information is specified by a user, the access request receipt module is located at a first site of the addressable network, the user profile is stored in a database configured for use in registering the user with one or more third party web sites, and the database is located at a second site of the addressable network (Figure 25, 26, and 29; col. 15 last paragraph; col. 16 lines 28-37; and col. 20 lines 30-44).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Makar's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method to have a database which perform storing user listing and user reference information in order to provide the user with information and allow user to interact with the provided information during the wait time period.

Re claim 9, Servan-Schreiber discloses a system for providing node targeted content in an addressable network (Abstract), comprising: a web browser configured to receive and communicate a request to connect with a network node identified by an uniform resource locator and in response thereto to receive and present information provided by the network node (Figures 1 and 2); and a first module configured to determine a time period (e.g. idle time) available for presenting one or more messages (e.g. advertisement(s)), a second module configured to present at least one message during the time period (col. 2 lines 66 through col. 3 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraphs); however, Servan-Schreiber fails to teach a message selection module providing, in response to a connection request, at least one option for choosing a message content category; wherein upon selecting at least one message content category, at least one message associated

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with a chosen message content category is presented to the user during the time period, and a third module configured to present an option to a user to participate in an on-line program facilitating the providing of node targeted content.

Makar teaches a message selection module providing, in response to a connection request, at least option for choosing a message content category; wherein upon selecting at least one message content category, at least one message associated with a chosen message content category is presented to the user during the time period, third module configured to present an option to a user to participate in an on-line program facilitating the providing of node targeted content (Figure 25; col. 5 lines 22-43; and col. 14 last paragraph through col. 15 1st paragraph; and col. 15 last paragraph).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Rakavy's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method to provide a message selection module providing at least option choosing a message content category in order to provide the user with information and allow user to interact with the provided information during the wait time period (e.g. col. 6 lines 32-51)

Re claim 10, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the time period further comprises an approximate quantity of time needed for the web browser to establish the connection with the network node and to retrieve and present a viewable portion of the information, wherein the approximate quantity of time needed is determined based upon the quantity of information to be retrieved (Figure col. 2 last paragraph through col. 3 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph).

Re claims 11-13, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the time period is predetermined, indefinite, less than an amount of time necessary for the web browser to request, retrieve and

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present a first frame of information formatted using hyper text markup language (col. 3 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph; and col. 4 lines 24-41).

Re claims 14-15, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the message is terminated upon expiration of the time period, and the message is terminated prior to expiration of the time period and in conjunction with the presentation of at least a portion of the retrieved information (col. 3 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph; and col. 4 lines 24-41).

Re claim 16, Servan-Schreiber further discloses at least one message is selected based upon the time period available (col. 3 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph; and col. 4 lines 24-41).

Re claim 17, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the at least one message is selected based upon user demographic information used by registrar web site to register the user with another web site (col. 4 lines 42-60).

Re claim 18, Servan-Schreiber further discloses user profile is stored at a node remote to the web browser (col. 4 lines 51-60).

Re claim 19, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the user profile is derived from Internet usage (col. 4 lines 51-60).

Re claim 20, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the message presented is selected based upon the amount of the information provided by the network node (col. 4 lines 42-60).

Re claim 21, Servan-Schreiber discloses a method for providing one or more messages to an Internet user, during an Internet session, (Figures 1 and 2) comprising: receiving a request from an Internet user, during a current Internet session, to establish a connection with a first Internet site, the request including an address identifying content available from an Internet site (Figures 1 and 2); estimating a first time period (e.g. idle time) necessary to retrieve the content

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from the Internet site identifying, in response to the request (col. 2 lines 66 through col. 3 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraphs); however, Servan-Schreiber fails to teach at least one message choice option to present to the Internet user, processing an identification by a user of at least one message choice option; and responsive to the identification, presenting at least one message associated with the at least one message choice option during at least a portion of the first time period; wherein the user is identified based upon demographic information provided by registrar web site.

Makar teaches at least one message choice option to present to the Internet user, processing an identification by a user of at least one message choice option; and responsive to the identification, presenting at least one message associated with the at least one message choice option during at least a portion of the first time period; wherein the user is identified based upon demographic information provided by registrar web site (Figure 25; col. 5 lines 22-43; and col. 14 last paragraph through col. 15 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph; and col. 15 last paragraph).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Makar's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method to provide at least one message choice option to present to the Internet user, processing an identification by a user of at least one message choice option; and responsive to the identification, presenting at least one message associated with the at least one message choice option during at least a portion of the first time period, wherein the user is identified based upon demographic information provided by registrar web site in order to provide the user with information and allow user to interact with the provided information during the wait time period (e.g. col. 6 lines 32-51)

Re claim 22, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the message is presented for a second time period, the second time period being longer than the first time period (col. 4 lines 33-38).

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Re claim 24, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the content is retrieved using at least one of the file transfer protocol and the hypertext transfer protocol (col. 2 lines 60-65).

Re claim 25, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the message is obtained from a local data store (e.g. user cache) established during a previous Internet session (col. 3 lines 59-65); however, Servan-Schreiber fails to configured to store at least a portion of the demographic information provided by registrar web site.

Makar teaches configured to store at least a portion of the demographic information provided by registrar web site (Figure 25; col. 5 lines 22-43; and col. 14 last paragraph through col. 15 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph; and col. 15 last paragraph).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Makar's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method for configured to store at least a portion of the demographic information provided by registrar web site in order to provide the user with information and allow user to interact with the provided information during the wait time period (e.g. col. 6 lines 32-51)

Re claims 28-29, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the message is presented during a loading time of the content and is terminated based upon a loading state, and the loading state is user specified (col. 3 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph; and col. 4 lines 24-41).

Re claim 30, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the message is terminated based upon a monitoring of communications between a server hosting the first module and a web browser receiving the information (Abstract; col. 3 lines 30-42).

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Re claim 31, Servan-Schreiber further discloses a method for providing one or more messages to an Internet user, during an Internet session; however, Servan-Schreiber fail to teach at least one of the message choice options includes an option of not receiving any messages.

Rakavy teaches at least one of the message choice options includes an option of not receiving any messages (col. 9 lines 45-51; col. 10 lines 48-51).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Rakavy's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method to provide the option choice of not receiving any messages as a result provide a user with a flexibility of choosing whether the user want to view advertisement or not during the waiting state.

Re claim 32, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the time period is determined based upon an operating speed of the network node providing the information (col. 3 liens 10-21).

Re claim 33, Servan-Schreiber further discloses the time period is determined based upon an amount of information to be presented (col. 3 lines 30-42).

Re claim 35, Servan-Schreiber further discloses time period is determined based upon a configuration of a data communications path from the network node providing the information to the web browser (Figure 2; col. 2 lines 67 through col. 3 lines 5).

Re claim 40, Servan-Schreiber fails to disclose participation by the user in the online program results in an awarding of one or more credit redeemable in a frequent use program.

Rakavy teaches the online program results in an awarding of one or more credit redeemable in a frequent use program (Figures 21-22; col. 13 last paragraph through col. 14 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph).

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It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Rakavy's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method to provide awarding of one or more credit redeemable in a frequent use program in order to provide the user to watch the ad while getting pay for it.

Claims 31, 34, 36-38, and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Servan-Schreiber et al. (Hereafter, Servan-Schreiber) U.S. Patent 6,892,354 in view of Rakavy et al. (Hereafter, Rakavy) U.S. Patent 6,317789.

Servan-Schreiber further discloses a method for providing one or more messages to an Internet user, during an Internet session; however, Servan-Schreiber fail to teach at least one of the message choice options includes an option of not receiving any messages.

Rakavy teaches at least one of the message choice options includes an option of not receiving any messages (e.g. col. 10 lines 48-51).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Rakavy's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method to provide the option choice of not receiving any messages as a result provide a user with a flexibility of choosing whether the user want to view advertisement or not during the waiting state.

Re claims 34, and 36-38, Servan-Schreiber teaches a method for providing one or more messages to an Internet user, during an Internet session; however, Servan-Schreiber fail to teach time period is determined based upon a determination of network congestion, upon a configuration of a data communications path from the network node providing the information to

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the web browser, bandwidth of the data communications path, communications protocol utilized in the addressable network, and an operating speed of a processor used to execute the module configured to present the at least one message.

Rakavy teaches a method for determining the time period based upon a determination of communications line utilization rate and transmitting data during times of low communications line utilization (col. 7 lines 41 through col. 8 lines 4).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Rakavy's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method to determine the time period based upon a determination of communications line utilization rate and transmitting data during times of low communications line utilization in which provide an efficient way to send the target advertisement to user during the waiting state.

Re claim 39, Servan-Schreiber discloses providing one or more messages to an Internet user, during an Internet session; however, Servan-Schreiber fails to teach a module configured to present at least one of the messages as a screen saver during a period of inactivity for a computer hosting a web browser utilized to present the information.

Rakavy teaches a module configured to present at least one of the messages as a screen saver during a period of inactivity for a computer hosting a web browser utilized to present the information (col. 3 lines 35-41).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate Rakavy's teaching into Servan-Schreiber's method to present

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at least one of the messages as a screen saver during a period of inactivity for a computer in order to attract the user while waiting for response.

### **Conclusion**

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phuoc H. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-3919. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wiley can be reached on 571-272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information Re the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Phuoc H Nguyen Examiner Art Unit 2143

October 16, 2006

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